

Sytchampton maths progression document

<u>Reception</u>	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	<u>Year 3</u>	<u>Year 4</u>	<u>Year 5</u>	<u>Year 6</u>
Counting						
 Count up to 3 or 4 objects by saying a number name for each item. Count actions or objects that cannot be moved. Count objects to 10 and begin to count beyond 10. Count out up to 6 objects from a larger group. Count an irregular arrangement of up to 10 objects. ELG - Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system 	 Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals Count in multiples of twos, fives and tens 	• Count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in tens from any number, forward and backward	Count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; Find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number	Count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000 Find 1000 more or less than a given number Count backwards through zero to include negative numbers	Count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000 Interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero	Use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero
Place Value						
• Use the language of more and fewer to compare 2 sets of objects. ELG - Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity	Use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least.	 Recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, > and = signs 	 Recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number Compare and order numbers up to 1000 	 Recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number Order and compare numbers beyond 1000 Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000 	• Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit • Round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100, 000	 Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit Round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy

Representing number	per					
•Say the correct numeral to	 Identify and 	·Identify, represent	• Identify,	• Identify,	• Read Roman	
represent 1 to 5, then 1 to	represent numbers	and estimate	represent and	represent and	numerals to	
10	using objects and	numbers using	estimate	estimate numbers	1000 (M) and	
objects.	pictorial	different	numbers using	using	recognise	
•Recognize some numerals	representations	representations,	different	different	years written in	
of personal significance.	including the	including the number	representations	representations	Roman numerals	
•Recognize numerals 1 to	number line, & use	line	 Read and write 	• Read Roman	 Recognise and use 	
5.	language of:	 Read and write 	numbers up	numerals to	square numbers and	
ELG -Explore and	equal to, more	numbers to at least	to 1000 in	100 (I to C) and	cube numbers, and	
represent	than, less than	100 in numerals	numerals and in	know that	the notation	
patterns within numbers	(fewer), most, least	and in words	words	over time, the	for squared (²) and	
ար	 Read and write 			numeral system	cubed	
to 10, including evens	numbers from 1			changed to	(3)	
and odds, double facts	to 20 in numerals			include the		
and how quantities can	and words			concept of zero		
be distributed	 Read, write and 			and place		
equally.	interpret			value		
ELG - Subitize (recognize	mathematical					
quantities without	statements					
counting)	involving addition					
up to 5;	(+), subtraction					
	(-) and equals (=)					
	signs					
Number facts (+/-)						
• Say the number that is	• Given a number,	• Use place value				
one more than a given	identify	and number facts to				
number.	one more and one	solve problems				
	less	 Recall and use 				
	 Represent and use 	addition and				
	number	subtraction facts to				
	bonds and related	20 fluently, and				
	subtraction facts	derive and use				
	within 20	related facts up to				
		100				

Mental +/-						
Find the total number of items in 2 groups by counting all of them. Begin to use the vocabulary involved in adding and subtracting. Record, using marks that they can interpret and explain. ELG - Automatically recall (Without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (Including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts	• Add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero	• Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: TO+0, TO+T, TO+TO and O+O+O • Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot	• Add and subtract numbers mentally, including: HTO+O, HTO+H		Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers	Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large number
Written +/-		10				
			Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction	• Add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate	Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods	

Problems +/-						
Begin to identify their own mathematical problems based on own interests and fascinations	• Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7 = \square – 9	Solve problems with addition and subtraction, using concrete, pictorial and abstract representations Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems.	• Estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers. • Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction	Estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation Solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why	Use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy Solve addition and subtraction multistep problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why	
Number facts (x/	÷)					
		Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers	• Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables	• Recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12	• Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers. • Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers. • Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19	Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers

Mental (x/ ÷)					
	Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (*), division (÷) and equals (=) signs Show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot	• Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental methods	Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers Recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations	Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts Multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000	Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers

Written (x/ ÷)				
	• Progress to	Multiply two-	Multiply numbers	Multiply multi-
	formal written	digit and three-	up to 4	digit numbers
	methods	digit numbers by	digits by a one- or	up to 4 digits by a
	calculations as	a one-digit	two-digit	two-digit
	above	number using	number using a	whole number
		formal written	formal written	using the formal
		layout	method, including	written method of
			long multiplication	long multiplication
			for two-digit	• Divide numbers
			numbers	up to 4 digits
			• Divide numbers up	by a two-digit
			to 4 digits by a one-	whole number
			digit number	using the formal
			using the formal	written method of
			written method of	long division, and
			short division and	interpret
			interpret remainders	remainders as
			appropriately for the	whole number
			context	remainders,
				fractions, or by
				rounding, as
				appropriate for the
				context
				• Divide numbers
				up to 4 digits by a
				two-digit number
				using the formal
				written method of
				short division
				where
				appropriate,
				interpreting
				remainders
				according to
				context

Problems (x/ ÷)					
• Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations an arrays with the support of the teacher.	multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and	• Solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects.	• Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two-digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects	• Solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes • Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign • Solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates	Use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division Use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy

	• Recognise, find	• Recognise, find,	• Count up and	• Count up and	• Recognise mixed	
	and name a half as	name and write	down in tenths;	down in	numbers and	
	one of two equal	fractions 1/2, 1/3,	 Recognise that 	hundredths;	improper fractions	
	parts of an object,	1/4, 2/4 and 3/4 of	tenths arise from	 Recognise that 	and convert from one	
	shape or quantity	a length, shape, set	dividing an	hundredths arise	form to the other	
	 Recognise, find 	of objects or	object into 10	when dividing an	and write	
	and name a	quantity	equal parts and	object by one	mathematical	
	quarter as one of		in dividing one-	hundred and	statements > 1 as a	
	four equal parts of		digit numbers or	dividing tenths by	mixed number	
	an object, shape or		quantities by 10	ten.		
	quantity.					
omparing fractio	ns					
			Compare and	 Recognise and 	• Compare and order	• Use common
			order unit	show, using	fractions whose	factors to simplif
			fractions, and	diagrams,	denominators are all	fractions
			fractions with	families of	multiples of the	• Use common
			the same	common	same number	multiples to
			denominators	equivalent	 Identify, name and 	express fractions
			 Recognise and 	fractions	write equivalent	the same
			show, using		fractions of a given	denomination
			diagrams,		fraction, represented	 Compare and
			equivalent		visually, including	order fractions,
			fractions with		tenths and	including fraction
			small		hundredths	> 1
			denominators			

ng fractions of quan	• Write simple	• Recognise, find	Solve problems	
	fractions for	and write	involving	
	example, $\frac{1}{2}$	fractions of a	increasingly	
	of 6 = 3 and	discrete set of	harder fractions	
	recognise the	objects: unit	to calculate	
	equivalence	fractions and	quantities, and	
	of 2/4	non-unit	fractions to divide	
	and $\frac{1}{2}$	fractions with	quantities,	
	2	small	including non-	
		denominators	unit fractions	
		 Recognise and 	where the answer	
		use fractions	is a whole	
		as numbers:	number	
		unit fractions		
		and		
		non-unit		
		fractions with		
		small		
		denominators		

Calculating with fractions				
	•Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, 5/7 + 1/7 = 6/7	•Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator	Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams	• Add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions • Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form • Divide proper fractions by whole numbers
Decimals as fractional amo	unts	• Recognise and	• Read and write	• Associate a
		write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths • Recognise and write decimal equivalents to 1/4, 1/2, 3/4 • Find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths	decimal numbers as fractions	fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction • Identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places

Ordering decimals and calculating	g with decimals			
		Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number Compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places.	Recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents Round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places	 Multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places Multiply one-digit number with up to two decimal places by whole numbers Use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places
Percentages				
			• Recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal	• Solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison

• Solve problems using all fraction knowledge fraction knowledge fraction and decimal places • Solve problems involving fractions and decimal places • Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy • Recall and use and throse fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25

Ratio and proporti	on			
				• Solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts • Solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found • Solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples.

Algebra			
Augebru			• Use simple formulae • Generate and describe linear number sequences • Express missing number problems algebraically • Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns • Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.

Measures					
Order 2 or 3 items by length or height. Order 2 items by weight or capacity. • Compare, describ and solve practical problems for: length/height, weight/mass, capacity/volume & time • Measure and begin to record length/height, weight/mass, capacity/volume & time	appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers,	• Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml)	Convert between different units of measure Estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence	Convert between different units of metric measure Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints Estimate volume and capacity	Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate Use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places Convert between miles and kilometres

Perimeter and Area					
		• Measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes	Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres. Find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares.	Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres Calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²) and estimate the area of irregular shapes	• Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa • Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes • Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles • Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm3) and cubic metres (m3), and extending to other units

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order and sequence in chronologic order using language. Recognise an use language relating to dat including days the week, wee months and y. Tell the time the hour and he past the hour draw the hand a clock face to show these time.

events.

•Begin to use	Recognise and	• Identify and	• Draw 2-D	Compare and	• Use the properties	• Draw 2-D shapes
mathematical names for	name common 2-D	describe the	shapes •	classify geometric	of rectangles to	using given '
solid 3D shapes and flat	shapes (e.g.	properties of 2-D	Identify	shapes, including	deduce related facts	dimensions and
2D shapes, and	Square, circle,	shapes, including the	horizontal and	quadrilaterals and	and find missing	angles
mathematical terms to	triangle)	number of sides and	vertical lines	triangles, based	lengths and angles •	•Compare and
describe shapes.		line symmetry in a	and pairs of	on properties and	Distinguish between	classify geometric
		vertical line.	perpendicular	sizes • Identify	regular and irregular	shapes based on
		(vertices, sides)	and parallel	lines of symmetry	polygons based on	their properties
		•Compare and sort	lines	in 2-D shapes	reasoning about	and sizes
		common 2-D shapes		presented in	equal sides and	• Illustrate and
				different	angles.	name parts of
				orientations •		circles, including
				Complete a simple		radius, diameter
				symmetric figure		and circumference
				with respect to a specific line of		and know that the diameter is twice
				specific title of symmetry.		the radius
3D shape				gruned g.		ute radias
•Use familiar objects and	• Recognise and	• Identify and	• Make 3-D		• Identify 3-D	• Recognise,
common shapes to create	name common 3-D	describe the	shapes using		shapes, including	describe and build
and recreate patterns.	shapes (e.g. Cubes,	properties of 3-D	modelling		cubes and other	simple 3-D shapes,
ara recrease passerras.	cuboids, pyramids	shapes, including the	materials		cuboids, from 2-D	including making
	& spheres)	number of edges,	• Recognise 3-D		representations	nets
	, , ,	vertices and faces	shapes in		1	• Find unknown
		• Identify 2-D	different			angles in any
		shapes on the	orientations and			triangles,
		surface of 3-D	describe them			quadrilaterals, and
		shapes.				regular polygons
		 Compare and sort 				
		common 3-D shapes				
		and everyday				
		objects.				

Angles					
		• Recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn • Identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn • Identify whether angles are greater or less than right angle	Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size	• Know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles • Draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°) • Identify angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°); at a point on a straight line and ½ a turn (total 180°) • Identify other multiples of 90°	Recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles

•Describe their relative	Describe position,	• Order and arrange		• Describe	• Identify, describe	• Describe
position such as behind or	direction and	combinations of		positions on a 2-	and represent the	positions on the
next to.	movement,	mathematical objects		D grid as	position of a shape	full coordinate grid
	including whole,	in patterns and		coordinates in the	following a reflection	(all four
	half, quarter and	sequences.		first quadrant	or translation, using	quadrants)
	three-quarter turns.	 Use mathematical 		•Describe	the appropriate	 Draw and
		vocabulary to		movements	language, and know	translate simple
		describe position,		between positions	that the shape has	shapes on the
		direction and		as translations of	not changed	coordinate plane,
		movement, including		a given unit to the		and reflect them in
		movement in a		left/right and		the axes.
		straight line and		up/down		
		distinguishing		 Plot specified 		
		between rotation as		points and draw		
		a turn and in terms		sides to complete		
		of right angles for		a given polygon		
		quarter, half and $\frac{3}{4}$				
		turns				
Interpreting data						
		 Interpret and 	 Interpret and 	 Interpret and 	• Complete, read and	 Interpret and
		construct simple	present data	present discrete	interpret information	construct pie
		pictograms, tally	using bar	and continuous	in tables, including	charts and line
		charts, block	charts,	data using	timetables	graphs calculate
		diagrams and simple	pictograms and	appropriate		and interpret the
		tables	tables	graphical		mean as an
				methods,		average
				including bar		
				charts and time		
				graphs		

Extract information from data									
	 Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data 	• Solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables	• Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs	Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph	Use pie charts and line graphs to solve problems				

EYFS Mathematics

ELG: Number

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number;
- Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5;
- Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts.

ELG: Numerical Patterns

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system;
- Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity;
- Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.